# General Certificate of Education (A-level) June 2012 

Mathematics
MS/SS1B

## (Specification 6360)

## Statistics 1B

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## Key to mark scheme abbreviations

| M | mark is for method |
| :--- | :--- |
| m or dM | mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method |
| A | mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy |
| B | mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy |
| E | mark is for explanation |
| ᄀor ft or F | follow through from previous incorrect result |
| CAO | correct answer only |
| CSO | correct solution only |
| AWFW | anything which falls within |
| AWRT | anything which rounds to |
| ACF | any correct form |
| AG | answer given |
| SC | special case |
| OE | or equivalent |
| A2,1 | 2 or 1 (or 0$)$ accuracy marks |
| $-x$ EE | deduct $x$ marks for each error |
| NMS | no method shown |
| PI | possibly implied |
| SCA | substantially correct approach |
| c | candidate |
| sf | significant figure(s) |
| dp | decimal place(s) |

## No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award full marks. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn no marks.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.
Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns full marks, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains no marks.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \text { (a) } \end{gathered}$ | $r=\frac{S_{x y}}{\sqrt{S_{x x} \times S_{y y}}}=\frac{-0.410}{\sqrt{2.030 \times 1.498}}=\underline{\mathbf{0 . 2 3 5}}$ | M1 A1 | 2 | Correct substitution into correct formula May be implied by a correct answer <br> AWRT <br> $(-0.235115)$ |
| (b) | Some / (very) weak / (very) little / (very)slight negative correlation/relationship/association/link | Adep1 |  | Dependent on $\mathbf{- 0 . 2 3 5}$ or $\mathbf{- 0 . 2 4}$ <br> OE; must qualify strength <br> and state negative <br> Ignore extra words unless contradict Not 'no', ‘low', ‘small', 'unlikely’ or 'trend' |
|  | between width and thickness of lengths of steel | B1 | 2 | Context; do not allow 'cms' or 'mms' |
| SC | $r=(+) 0.235 \Rightarrow$ M1 A0 Adep0 B1 max |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | 4 |  |


| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ (\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{i}) \end{gathered}$ | Mode $=\underline{23}$ | B1 | 1 | CAO |
| (ii) | Median ( $88^{\text {th }}$ value $)=\underline{\mathbf{2 2}}$ | B1 |  | CAO |
|  | Upper quartile $\left(132^{\text {nd }}\right.$ value $)=\underline{\mathbf{2}}$ <br> Lower quartile ( $44^{\text {th }}$ value) $=\underline{\mathbf{2 0}}$ | B1 |  | CAO; either <br> May be implied by $\mathrm{IQR}=3$ |
|  | Interquartile range $=\underline{\mathbf{3}}$ | B1 | 3 | CAO; do not award if seen to be not based on 23 and 20 |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mean }=\underline{22.3} \\ & \text { Mean }=\underline{21 \text { to } 23} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B2 } \\ \text { (B1) } \end{gathered}$ |  | CAO; but only award B1 if incorrect mid-points or $\Sigma f x$ seen AWFW $(\Sigma f x=3902.5)$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Standard deviation }=\underline{6.37} \text { or } 6.39 \\ & \text { Standard deviation }=\underline{5} \text { to } 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B2 } \\ \text { (B1) } \end{gathered}$ | 4 | AWRT $\quad(s=6.391 \quad \sigma=6.372)$ <br> AWFW $\quad\left(\Sigma f x^{2}=94132.25\right)$ |
| SC | Only if B0 B0 or B1 B0 then award as follows but only up to a maximum total part mark of 2 1 At least 2 correct mid-points $4.5,14.5,27,32,37,44.5,54$ seen $\Rightarrow \mathrm{M} 1$ <br> 2 Clear use of $\Sigma f x /(175$ or 174$) \Rightarrow$ M1 |  |  |  |
| (c) | $\begin{aligned} \text { Mean } & =(c \text { 's mean from }(b))+\frac{280}{175} \\ & =22.3+1.6 \end{aligned}$ | M1 |  | Adding (1.6 or equivalent) CAO to (c's mean from (b)) or to (c's new mean) |
|  | Mean $=\underline{23.9}$ | AF1 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F on (c's mean from (b)) or } \\ & \text { on (c's new mean) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Total |  | 10 |  |

MS/SS1B (cont)

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ (\mathbf{a}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} b \text { (gradient) } & =\underline{2.27} \\ b \text { (gradient) } & =\underline{2.2 ~ t o ~} 2.3 \\ a \text { (intercept) } & =\underline{4.16 ~ t o ~} 4.2 \\ a \text { (intercept) } & =\begin{array}{l} 3 \text { to } 7 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ <br> Attempt at $\sum x \quad \sum x^{2} \quad \sum y \& \sum x y\left(\sum y^{2}\right)$ or <br> Attempt at $S_{x x}$ \& $S_{x y}\left(S_{y y}\right)$ <br> Attempt at correct formula for $b$ (gradient) $b \text { (gradient) }=2.27$ $a \text { (intercept) }=\underline{4.16} \text { to } 4.2$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B2 } \\ \text { (B1) } \\ \text { B2 } \\ \text { (B1) } \\ \text { (M1) } \\ \text { (m1) } \\ \text { (A1) } \\ \text { (A1) } \end{gathered}$ | 4 | AWRT <br> (2.27075) <br> AWFW <br> Treat rounding of correct answers as ISW <br> AWFW <br> (4.16981) <br> AWFW <br> $480245001140 \& 57635$ (135908) <br> (all 4 attempted) <br> 5300 \& 12035 (27608) <br> (both attempted) <br> AWRT <br> AWFW |
| Notes | 1 Values of $a$ and $b$ interchanged and equation $y=a x+b$ stated in (a) $\Rightarrow$ max of 4 marks <br> 2 Values of $a$ and $b$ interchanged and equation $y=a+b x$ stated in (a) $\Rightarrow 0$ marks <br> 3 Values are not identified or simply $a=\#$ and $b=\#$, then 2.2 to $2.3 \Rightarrow$ B1 and 3 to $7 \Rightarrow$ B1 but accept, for example, as identification, $[a=\#, b=\#$ with $y=a+b x$ but no substitution for $a \& b$ ] or [intercept $(a)=\#$, $\operatorname{gradient}(b)=\#]$ <br> $\mathbf{4} b=\underline{\mathbf{2 4 0 7} / \mathbf{1 0 6 0}} \mathrm{CAO} \Rightarrow \mathrm{B} 2$, otherwise B1 if fraction equates to 2.2 to 2.3 (Notes $1,2 \& 3$ also apply) $a=\underline{\mathbf{2 2 1} / 53}$ CAO $\Rightarrow \mathrm{B} 2$, otherwise B1 if fraction equates to 3 to 7 (Notes $1,2 \& 3$ also apply) <br> 5 Some/all of marks can be scored in (b), and in c(ii) \& (iii), even if some/all of marks are lost in (a) but marks lost in (a) cannot be recouped by subsequent working in (b) |  |  |  |
| (b) | Correct straight line drawn on scatter diagram Correct shortened and/or freehand line drawn on scatter diagram | B2 <br> (B1) | $2$ | Line must go from $x \leq 20$ to $x \geq 70$ and fall between the following 2 lines: <br> Lower: $(10,25)(80,180)$ <br> Upper: $(10,30)(80,190)$ |
| Notes | 1 If B0 but seen correct attempt at $\geq 2$ points even if incorrectly evaluated $\Rightarrow \mathrm{M} 1$ <br> 2 If B0 but no seen evidence to support $\geq 2$ points (correct or incorrect) marked on scatter diagram $\Rightarrow$ M0 |  |  |  |
| (c)(i) | Correct straight line drawn on scatter diagram Correct shortened and/or freehand line drawn on scatter diagram | B2 <br> (B1) | $2$ | Line must go from $x \leq 20$ to $x \geq 70$ and fall between the following 2 lines: <br> Lower: $(10,60)(80,75)$ <br> Upper: $(10,65)(80,85)$ |
| Notes | 1 If B0 but seen correct attempt at $\geq 2$ points even if incorrectly evaluated $\Rightarrow \mathrm{M} 1$ 2 If B0 but no seen evidence to support $\geq 2$ points (correct or incorrect) marked on |  |  |  |
| (ii) | 27 to 29 | B1 | 1 | AWFW (calculation $\Rightarrow$ 27.75) <br> Must clearly identify $x$-value <br> Thus (27 to 29, $y$-value) $\Rightarrow \mathrm{B} 0$ |
| (iii) | At low temperatures more B (than A ) dissolves At high temperatures more A (than B) dissolves | B1 |  | Either; OE <br> (eg a comparison using lines and/or data at a specific temperature but not at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
|  | Amount increases more rapidly for A (than B) Amount increases more slowly for B (than A) | B1 | 2 | Either; OE <br> Any comments about $b$ or $a \Rightarrow \mathrm{~B} 0$ Comment about 'rate' must relate to temp |
|  | Total |  | 11 |  |

MS/SS1B (cont)

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (a)(i) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{~B}=3)= \\ & 194 / 640 \text { or } 97 / 320 \text { or } 0.303 \text { or } 30.3 \% \end{aligned}$ | B1 | 1 | Ratios (eg 194:640) are only penalised by 1 accuracy mark at first correct answer |  |
| (ii) | $\begin{array}{r} P(T \geq 2)=\frac{172+256+135}{640} \text { or } 1-\frac{77}{640} \text { or } \frac{563}{640} \\ =\underline{563 / 640} \\ \underline{\text { or }(\mathbf{0 . 8 7 9} \text { to } \mathbf{0 . 8 8}) \text { or }(\mathbf{8 7 . 9 \%} \text { to } \mathbf{8 8 \%})} \end{array}$ | M1 A1 | 2 | CAO <br> AWFW | (0.879688) |
| (iii) | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{~B}=3 \& \mathrm{~T} & \geq 2)= \\ & \frac{72+99+16}{640} \text { or } \frac{194-7}{640} \text { or } \frac{187}{640} \\ & =\underline{\mathbf{1 8 7 / 6 4 0} \text { or } \mathbf{0 . 2 9 2} \text { or } \mathbf{2 9 . 2 \%}} \end{aligned}$ | M1 A1 | 2 | CAO or AWRT | (0.292188) |
| (iv) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{~B} \leq 3 \mid \mathrm{T}=2)= \\ & \quad \frac{(14+67+72)}{172} \text { or } \frac{172-19}{172} \text { or } \frac{153}{172} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \end{aligned}$ |  | Correct numerator <br> (accept both $\div 640$ ) <br> Correct denominator |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} =153 / 172 \\ \text { or }(0.888 \text { to } 0.89) \text { or }(88.8 \% \text { to } 89 \%) \end{array}$ | A1 | 3 | CAO <br> AWFW | (0.889535) |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \quad(\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{i}) \times(\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{ii}) \neq(\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{iii}) \\ & \text { since } \\ & 0.303 \times 0.88=\underline{\mathbf{0 . 2 6 5} \text { to } 0.27 \neq \mathbf{0 . 2 9 2}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | 2 | Answers as fractions, lose accuracy (A \& B) Attempted <br> AWFW \& AWRT | ges or ratios (b) \& (c) |
| SC | Any correct fully-explained reasoning, using other than answers from part (a), which results in an inequality ( $\neq$ ) with both sides as numerically correct decimals (to 3 dp$) \Rightarrow \mathrm{B} 1(\mathrm{eg} \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B}=3)=0.303 \neq \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B}=3 \mid \mathrm{T}=2)=72 / 172=0.419$ ) but no/unclear/incomplete reasoning or no/incorrect/incomplete numerical work $\Rightarrow \mathrm{B} 0$ |  |  |  |  |
| (c) | $\mathrm{P}(2 \mathrm{~T} \cap 3 \mathrm{~T} \cap \geq 4 \mathrm{~T} \mid \mathrm{B}=3)=\frac{72}{194} \times \frac{99}{193} \times \frac{16}{192}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \end{aligned}$ |  | Correct 3 values multiplied in numerator Correct 3 values multiplied in denominator $0.371 \times 0.513 \times 0.083$ (all AWRT) $\Rightarrow$ M1 M1 (OE products) |  |
|  | $a b c$ multiplied by 6 or 3 | M1 |  | $0<(a, b \& c)<$ |  |
|  | $=\underline{0.095} \text { to } 0.0952$ | A1 | 4 | AWFW | (0.095187) |
| Notes | 1 Incorrect answer with no working $\Rightarrow 0$ marks <br> 2 The 3 correct fractions/decimals identified but not multiplied (eg added) $\Rightarrow$ M1 M0 M0 A0 <br> 3 The 3 correct fractions/decimals identified together with 0.016 (AWRT) $\Rightarrow$ M1 M1 M0 A0 <br> 4 A denominator of ${ }^{194} \mathrm{C}_{3}=1198144 \Rightarrow \mathrm{M} 2\left(2^{\text {nd }} \& 3^{\text {rd }}\right.$ M1 marks $)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | 14 |  |  |

MS/SS1B (cont)

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 (a) | Weight, $W \sim N\left(2.75,0.15^{2}\right)$ |  |  | In (a)(i) \& (c), ignore the inclusion of a lower limit of 0 ; it has no effect on either answer |
| (i) | $\mathrm{P}(W<2.8)=\mathrm{P}\left(\mathrm{Z}<\frac{2.8-2.75}{0.15}\right)$ | M1 |  | Standardising 2.8 with 2.75 and 0.15; allow (2.75-2.8) |
|  | $=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{Z}<\underline{\mathbf{0 . 3 3} \text { or } \mathbf{1} / \mathbf{3}})$ | A1 |  | AWRT/CAO; ignore inequality and sign May be implied by a correct answer |
|  | $=\underline{0.629 ~ t o ~} 0.633$ | A1 |  | AWFW (0.63056) |
| (ii) | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{P}(W>2.5)=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{Z}>-1.67) & =\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{Z}<+1.67) \\ & =\mathbf{0 . 9 5 1} \text { to } 0.953\end{aligned}$ | M1 |  | Correct area change May be implied by a correct answer or an answer > 0.5 |
|  |  | A1 | 5 | AWFW (0.95221) |
| (b) | Weight, $X \sim \mathrm{~N}\left(5.25,0.20^{2}\right)$ |  |  |  |
| (i) | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{P}(5.1<X<5.3) & =\mathrm{P}(Z<0.25)-\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{Z}<-0.75) \\ & =\mathbf{0 . 5 9 8 7 1} \end{aligned}$ | B1 |  | Must have diff of 2 probs for each B1 Accept 0.599 |
|  | MINUS [(1-0.77337) or 0.22663] $=0.372(08)$ | B1 | 2 | Accept 0.773 or 0.227 <br> AG; do not mark simply on answer |
| (ii) | $P(0$ in 4$)=[1-0.372]^{4}$ | M1 |  | Accept [1-c's (b)(i)] ${ }^{4}$ |
|  | $=0.628^{4}=\underline{\mathbf{0 . 1 5 5} \text { to } 0.156}$ | A1 | 2 | AWFW (0.15554) |
| (c) | Weight, $Y \sim \mathrm{~N}\left(10.75,0.50^{2}\right)$ |  |  |  |
|  | Variance of $\bar{Y}_{6}=\underline{0.5^{2} / 6=0.0416}$ to 0.0417 or <br> Sd of $\bar{Y}_{6}=\underline{0.5 / \sqrt{6}=0.204}$ | B1 |  | CAO or AWFW Stated or used CAO or AWRT |
|  | $\mathrm{P}\left(\bar{Y}_{6}<10.5\right)=\mathrm{P}\left(\mathrm{Z}<\frac{10.5-10.75}{\sqrt{0.041 \dot{6}}}\right)=$ | M1 |  | Standardising 10.5 with 10.75 and $\sqrt{0.0416} \mathrm{OE}$; allow (10.75-10.5) |
|  | $\mathrm{P}(Z<-1.22)=1-\mathrm{P}(Z<1.22)=$ | m1 |  | Correct area change <br> May be implied by a correct answer or an answer < 0.5; but do not award for use of $z= \pm 0.22$ |
|  | $1-(0.88877$ to 0.89065$)=\underline{\mathbf{0 . 1 0 9} \text { to } \mathbf{0 . 1 1 2}}$ | A1 | 4 | AWFW $(1-$ answer $) \Rightarrow B 1$ M1 max |
|  | Total |  | 13 |  |


| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{\mathbf{6}}{(\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{i})}$ | $\underline{U \sim \mathrm{~B}}(30,0.13,0.35$ or 0.20) | M1 |  | Used correctly anywhere in (a) |
|  | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{P}(P=2)=\binom{30}{2}(0.13)^{2}(0.87)^{28} & \\ & =\underline{\mathbf{0 . 1 4 8} \text { to } \mathbf{0 . 1 5}} \end{aligned}$ | A1 A1 | 3 | Can be implied by a correct answer <br> AWFW <br> (0.1489) |
| (ii) | $p=\underline{0.35}$ | B1 |  | CAO |
|  | $\mathrm{P}(R \cup P>10)=\underline{\mathbf{1}-(0.5078 \text { or } \mathbf{0 . 3 5 7 5})}$ | M1 |  | Requires ' 1 -' <br> Accept 3 dp rounding or truncation Can be implied by 0.49 to 0.493 but not by 0.642 to 0.643 |
|  | $=\underline{0.49 ~ t o ~} 0.493$ | A1 | 3 | AWFW (0.4922) |
| (iii) | $\mathrm{P}(5 \leq G \leq 10)=0.9744$ or $0.9389 \quad\left(p_{1}\right)$ | M1 |  | Accept 3 dp rounding or truncation |
|  | MINUS 0.2552 or 0.4275 ( $p_{2}$ ) | M1 |  | Accept 3 dp rounding or truncation |
|  | $=\underline{0.719}$ to $0.72\left(p_{3}\right)$ | A1 | 3 | AWFW (0.7192) |
| Notes | $\begin{array}{lrl} \mathbf{1} p_{3} \leq 0 \text { or } p_{3} \geq 1 & \Rightarrow \text { M0 M0 A0 } \\ \mathbf{2} & p_{2}-p_{1} & \Rightarrow \text { M0 M0 A0 } \\ \mathbf{3} & \left(1-p_{2}\right)-p_{1} & \Rightarrow \text { M0 M0 A0 } \end{array}$ |  | 4 5 6 | $\begin{aligned} p_{1}-\left(1-p_{2}\right) & \Rightarrow \text { M1 M0 A0 } \\ p_{1} \times p_{2} & \Rightarrow \text { M1 M0 A0 } \\ \left.-p_{2}\right)-\left(1-p_{1}\right) & \Rightarrow \text { M1 M1 (A1) } \end{aligned}$ |
| (b)(i) | Mean or $\mu=100 \times 0.22=\underline{\mathbf{2 2}}$ <br> Variance or $\sigma^{2}=100 \times 0.22 \times 0.78$ | B1 |  | CAO |
|  | $=\underline{17.1} \text { to } 17.2$ | B1 | 2 | AWFW (ignore notation) (17.16) ISW all subsequent working |
| (ii) | $22.1 \approx=22$ or means similar/equal or $0.221 \approx /=0.22$ or proportions similar/equal so reject claim (that $p>0.22$ ) <br> or accept that $\boldsymbol{p}=0.22$ | B1 |  | Dependent on 22 seen in (b)(i) or (ii) Accept diff $=0.1 \mathrm{CAO}$ <br> Correct (numerical) comparison with correct conclusion (even if at end and stated as 'reject (both) claims') |
|  | $\sqrt{17.1 \text { to } 17.2}=\underline{4.13 \text { to } 4.15 \approx /=4.17}$ |  |  | Comparison using two values or one value + diff ( 0.02 to 0.04 AWFW) |
|  | $17.1 \text { to } 17.2 \approx /=17.3 \text { to } 17.4$ |  |  | Comparison using two values or one value + diff ( 0.1 to 0.3 AWFW) |
|  | reject claim that not random samples or accept that are random samples | Bdep1 | 3 | Dependent on previous B1 Correct conclusion regarding randomness of sample |
|  | Total |  | 14 |  |

MS/SS1B (cont)


